

 $23^{\tt th} \ Feb. \ 2015$ Heat Pump & Thermal Storage Technology Center of Japan

<u>Heat Pumps Workshop in India</u>

Heat Pump & Thermal Storage Technology Center of Japan (Chuo-ku, Tokyo; Chairman: Hiroshi Komiyama), a general incorporated foundation that endeavors to popularize heat pump and thermal storage systems that contribute greatly to measures for saving energy and mitigating global warming and are recognized as the equipment to use renewable energy in Europe, has participated the workshop on "Japanese Experience on Promoting Heat Pump Systems for Energy Efficiency" and made public relations for diffusion of heat pump equipment in India.

○ Workshop in India

- Date: Wednesday, 04 February 2015
- ➢ Venue: Hotel Taj Palace
- Organizer: The Energy Conservation Center, Japan, ECCJ The Energy and Resources Institute, TERI
- > Theme: Japanese Experience on Promoting Heat Pump Systems for Energy Efficiency
- > Session: Opening session and Technical session
- > Number of participant: 60 people (Maximum of the seat capacity)
- Inaugural address: Dr Ajay Mathur, Director General, BEE (Bureau of Energy Efficiency) mentioned that although the expectation to the heat pump is high the cost should be lower for dissemination in India.

O Presentation

> Mr. Junichi Noka, ECCJ

[Energy Conservation Potential of Heat Pump System]

- Introduction of ECCJ's activity and their cooperation as to capacity building in India.
- ➢ Mr. Yukinobu Hirose, HPTCJ
 - [Heat Pump Technology -Benefits, Applications and Case examples-]
 - Introduction of basic knowledge of Heat Pump Technology, it's variable application and advanced introduction examples in Japan.
- > Mr. Pradeep Kumar/Mr Sandeep Kacchawa TERI, India

[Energy Conservation Potential of Heat Pump System]

 As an effect of urbanization (26%:1991→36%:2020) the electricity consumption in the building will be 3 times by 2021 from 2010 level. Therefore, air conditioning industry will grow 5 times by 2020 taking 2007 as a reference.
 Which result that the dissemination of heat pump will grow 2.5 times by 2020 taking 2007 as a reference.

> Mr. A M Ghosh, TERI, India and Mr Rabhi Abdessalem, IGES, Japan

[Application of Heat Pump Technology in the Indian Buildings -Potential&TERI's Experience-]

- Potential industries for heat pump applications are as follows;
 - ① Industries; textile, pulp and paper, dairy, food processing
 - 2 Service sector; hotels and commercial building
 - \Rightarrow Potential energy saving with heat pump will be 30~40%.
- Pilot heat pump technologies already successfully demonstrated in Indian industries by TERI and IGES.
- Mr. Tsutomu Masamoto Toshiba Carrier Corporation, Japan
 FHigh Temperature Water Circulation Type Heat Pump for Industries
 - CAONS is an air-source heat pump for industrial use. They could provide hot water up to 90°C which is the highest among circular heat pump system.
 - · Compact unit design considering space-saving.
 - Easy installation for narrow space as the unit size is almost same as that of compact commercial air-conditioners.
- Mr. Hideaki Suzuki, Toshiba Carrier Corporation, Japan
 - <code>FHigh-Efficient Operations of Multi-Split Type Air Conditioning System for Building in Japan]</code>
 - VRF system has increased 1.7 times in last 10 years.
 - The ratio of VRF systems is large in small-medium size buildings. So the performance improvement of VRF is directly effective for energy saving of the buildings.
 - By the cooperation control of the following matters, it is possible to achieve energy saving 8.7% in cooling and 14.2% in heating.
 - -to perform the cooperation control by the indoor units
 - -to arrange the indoor units in zigzag layout
- Mr. Hitoshi Tanaka & Mr. Gaurav Mehtani, Daikin Air-conditioning India, [Heat Pump Technology -A Future Prospective-]
 - In 2013, total sales of residential AC in India was 28,000 units while Daikin India's sales were 7,000 units which account for 25% of this market.
 - Also in 2013, total sales of VRF in India was 20,000units while Daikin India's sales were 11,000units which account for 56% or this market.
 - They promote inverter air conditioner in India and emphasize the merit like reduction of electricity consumption.



O Agenda of the workshop

Time	Theme	
10.00 - 10:30	Registration with Tea/ Coffee	
10:30 - 11:10	Opening Session	
	✤ Welcome remarks	Mr Girish Sethi, Director, TERI, India
	✤ Opening remarks	Mr. Jiro Sogawa, Managing Director
		Energy Conservation Center Japan (ECCJ)
	✤ Special address	Mr. Tsunemasa Teramoto
		Embassy of Japan
	✤ Special address	Ms Varsha Joshi
		Joint Secretary, MNRE. India
	✤ Inaugural address	Dr Ajay Mathur
		Director General, BEE, India
11.10 12.10	Technical Session - I: Heat pump application in industry & building sectors	
11:10 - 12:10	Chairperson : Mr Girish Kumar, Directo	r, MNRE
	 Energy conservation potential of heat 	Mr. Naoya Sugai
	pump system	ECCJ, Japan
	✤ Heat pump technology	Mr. Yukinobu Hirose
	-Benefits, Applications and Case	Heat Pump and Thermal storage Center Japan
	examples -	(HPTCJ)
	✤ Application of heat pump technology in	Mr. Pradeep Kumar/Mr Sandeep Kacchawa
	the Indian buildings – potential &	TERI, India
	TERI's experience	
	✤ Application of heat pump technology in	Mr. A M Ghosh, TERI, India and
	the Indian industries - potential &	Mr Rabhi Abdessalem, IGES, Japan
	TERI's experience	
	◆ Q&A	
12:10 - 12:25	Tea/ Coffee	
12:25 - 14:00	Technical Session - II: Japanese experience on application of heat pump technology	
	Chairperson: Mr Abhay Bakre, Executive	
	 High Temperature Water Circulation Type 	Mr. Tsutomu Masamoto
	Heat Pump for Industries	Toshiba Carrier Corporation, Japan
	 High-Efficient Operations of 	Mr. Hideaki Suzuki
	Multi-Split Type Air-Conditioning	Toshiba Carrier Corporation, Japan
	System for Buildings in Japan	
	 "Heat Pump technology" - A Future 	Mr. Hitoshi Tanaka & Mr. Gaurav Mehtani
	Prospective	Daikin Air-conditioning India, Pvt.Ltd
	◆ Q&A	
14:00 - 14:10	Closing remarks	
	Closing remarks	Mr Junichi Noka, ECCJ, Japan
	✤ Closing remarks	Mr Chetankumar A Sangole, TERI, India
14:10 - 15:00	Lunch	
15:00 - 16:00	One to one meeting of interested participants with Japanese experts	